

A KEY TOP PLATE AND A METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING THE SAME
BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a key top plate which is preferably applied to a push-button switch used in
5 a variety of electronic devices and also to a method for manufacturing said key top plate.

Heretofore, such a key top plate has been developed in order to make it smaller and thinner that comprises a film plate made of resin film and a key top of mold-resin
10 molded on said film plate, and in particular, such a specific type of key top plate has been developed that further comprises a print layer including graphic form or the like printed on an under surface of a transparent key top, wherein said print layer is illuminated by an
15 illumination means arranged beneath the layer.

Fig. 5 is a schematic sectional view illustrating a principal part of such type of conventional key top plate 300 including one of the key tops 311 thereof. It is to be noted that the actual key top plate 300 includes a lot of
20 key tops 311. The key top plate 300 shown in Fig. 5 has been configured in such a way that a predetermined portion of a film plate 301 made of flexible transparent resin film is pressed upwardly to form a recessed portion 303, the key top 311 made of transparent mold-resin is molded within
25 this recessed portion 303, and then a print layer 313 including desired character, graphic form or symbol is indicatively formed on a flat under surface of the key top 311.

When the key top plate 300 is illuminated from an under side thereof by an illumination means, though not shown, color and/or character of the print layer 313 attached onto the under surface of the key top 311 can be displayed clearly on a top surface side of the key top 311 so as to give a high-class appearance to the key top 311.

In the above conventional example, if, for example, the character or the like is to be printed on a solid print for background in the form of single-color print over a sheet in order to further enhance the high-class appearance, the solid print and the print of the character or the like have been provided in a double-layer as placing one on the other in the section defined as the print layer 313.

However, since the background and the character or the like are both formed on the same plane when the character or the like is printed directly over the solid print for the background, the character would not look as embossed or floating above the ground, resulting in failure to provide the enhanced high-class appearance.

Besides, in the above example of the prior art, since the key top 311 is simply attached on the under surface of the recessed portion 303 of the film plate 301, there is still a fear that the key top 311 may be detached from the film plate 301 in case of bad adhesion.

On the other hand, there has been an alternative case where the print layer is formed in the location of the recessed portion 303 of the film plate 301, instead of the print layer 313 being formed on the under surface of the

key top 311. In this case, the screen printing method has been typically used as a means for printing this print layer.

However, the conventional screen printing method has imposed a limitation on color scheme, that is, reproducing of a peculiar color tone (e.g., a metallic color tone or a pastel color tone) is difficult, and for example, a photo-image like printing represented by many different colors with fine texture has been difficult.

On the other hand, another type of key top having a different configuration has also been proposed, in which a print layer including a desired coloring is arranged on the top surface of the key top so as to decorate it and further an area without print layer is arranged in a central portion of the print layer so as to allow the inside of the transparent key top to be seen though, thereby improving the aesthetic appearance in design. In addition, in the key top of such configuration, the one that can be manufactured in a simple manner with low cost has been desired.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide a key top plate which can simplify the fabrication of such a key top that enables a character or the like to be seen as embossed or floating over a display of a background or the like.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a key top plate which is free from a fear that a key top is

detached from a film plate even if the key top plate employs a configuration in which the film plate covers the top surface of the key top.

Still another object of the present invention is to
5 provide a key top plate which facilitates a photo-image like printing represented by many different colors with fine texture.

Yet still another object of the present invention is to provide a key top plate which can be manufactured in a
10 simple manner with low cost even if a key top employs a configuration in which a decorative layer including a desired coloring is arranged on a top surface of the key top so as to decorate it and further an area without decorative layer is arranged in a central portion of the
15 decorative layer so as to allow the inside of the transparent key top to be seen though.

An aspect of the present invention is directed to a key top plate, in which a first film plate and a second film plate, each being made of flexible resin film, are
20 attached on a top surface and an under surface of a key top made of mold-resin respectively so as to cover said key top. This can eliminates a fear that the key top is detached from the film plate even without any other special fixing means provided therein.

25 Another aspect of the present invention is characterized by that said first film plate is pressed upwardly to form a recessed portion, said key top is molded within said recessed portion, and further said second film

plate is disposed on the under surface side of said key top.

Still another aspect of the present invention is characterized by that said first film plate and said key top are both transparent and a decorative layer is formed
5 on said first film plate and/or said second film plate.

When both of the first and the second film layers are provided with the decorative layers, the decorative layer placed on the key top can be displayed in three-dimensions above the decorative layer placed beneath the key top with
10 a perspective condition, thereby providing a high-class appearance to the display. In specific, if the decorative layer to be disposed on the top surface side of the key top includes a character, a graphical form or a symbol and the decorative layer to be disposed on the under surface side
15 is constituted of a solid display for a background, then such a key top can be readily formed that has a high-class appearance with the character or the like seen floating over the background in three dimensions. Alternatively, if both of the upper and the lower decorative layers include
20 characters, graphical forms or symbols, then between two kinds of characters, graphical forms or symbols indicated in the same key top, three-dimensional effect can be created in the relation between the upper and the lower characters, graphical forms or symbols, so that the upper
25 character, graphical form or symbol can be high-lighted and thus discriminated from the lower character, graphical form or symbol.

Still another aspect of the present invention is

characterized by that a portion of said second film plate which is in contact with said key top is protruded downward from a peripheral portion of the key top, of which is out of contact with the key top.

5 Still another aspect of the present invention is characterized by that a portion of said second film plate which is in contact with the key top is made flat so as to be flush with a peripheral portion of the key top, of which is out of contact with the key top.

10 Still another aspect of the present invention is directed to a key top plate in which a film plate made of transparent flexible resin film is pressed upwardly to form a recessed portion, and a key top made of transparent mold-resin is molded within said recessed portion, wherein a
15 decorative layer is formed on said film plate and also another decorative layer is disposed on an under surface side of said key top.

With the decorative layers arranged on both of the top and the under surfaces of the key top as described
20 above, the upper decorative layer can be displayed in three-dimensions above the lower decorative layer with a perspective condition, thereby providing a high-class appearance to the display. In specific, if the decorative layer to be disposed on the top surface side of the key top
25 includes a character, a graphical form or a symbol and the decorative layer to be disposed on the under surface side is constituted of a solid display for a background, then such a key top can be readily formed that has a high-class

appearance with the character or the like seen floating
over the background in three dimensions. Alternatively, if
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in the same key top, three-dimensional effect can be
created in the relation between the upper and the lower
characters, graphical forms or symbols, so that the upper
character, graphical form or symbol can be high-lighted and
10 thus discriminated from the lower character, graphical form
or symbol.

Still another aspect of the present invention is
characterized by that said decorative layer is a print
layer printed by way of flexographic printing, offset
15 printing, gravure printing, printing with a laser printer,
printing with an ink jet printer, or printing with a
thermo-transfer printer. With a use of such printing means
as above, a photo-image like printing of many different
colors with fine texture can be easily realized.

20 Still another aspect of the present invention is
characterized by that a coating layer for improving a
fixing property of printing ink is formed on a surface of
said resin film, on which said decorative layer is to be
arranged. This facilitates and ensures the printing
25 thereon.

Still another aspect of the present invention is
characterized by that said decorative layer consists of
deposition film. This provides a decorative layer with

mirror surface. Since the decorative layer consisting of deposition layer can be manufactured simply by selectively etching the deposition film on the film plate, which has been made by forming the deposition film covering entire
5 area of the film plate, to a predetermined shape, therefore the decorative layer with the mirror surface may be manufactured much easier as compared with the case of plating.

Still another aspect of the present invention is
10 characterized by that the decorative layer is arranged on the first film plate, wherein a key top exposing section is provided in said decorative layer, said key top exposing section including no decorative layer so as to allow an inside of said key top to be seen through. With this
15 configuration, the key top having such a structure can be easily manufactured that includes in a single key top a top surface decorative section by way of the decorative layer and a transparent section allowing the interior of the key top to be seen through.

20 Still another aspect of the present invention is characterized by that the decorative layer is also arranged on the second film plate. This increases the decorative effect.

Yet still another aspect of the present invention is
25 directed to a method for manufacturing a key top plate comprising the steps of: clamping a first and a second film plates placed one on another, each being made of flexible transparent resin film, between a first die having a cavity

for forming a shape of an upper portion of a key top and a second die having a cavity for forming a shape of a lower portion of the key top; filling up said cavities within said first and said second dies by injecting molten mold-resin between said first and said second film plates; and taking out the key top plate by removing said first and said second dies after the molten resin has been set.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 shows a principal part of a key top plate 10 according to a first embodiment of the present invention, wherein Fig. 1(a) is a schematic sectional view (taken along the line A-A of Fig. 1(b)) and Fig. 1(b) is a plan view respectively;

Fig. 2 is a schematic sectional view of a key top plate 10 disposed under a case 60;

Fig. 3 (a-1), Fig. 3(a-2), Fig. 3(b-1), Fig. 3(b-2), Fig. 3(c) and Fig. 3(d) show a method for manufacturing a key top plate 10;

Fig. 4 is an explanatory drawing showing an alternative method for manufacturing a key top 10;

Fig. 5 is a schematic sectional view showing a portion including one of the key tops 311 of a key top plate 300 according to a prior art;

Fig. 6 shows an alternative method for manufacturing a key top plate 10;

Fig. 7 shows a key top plate 10-2 according to a second embodiment of the present invention, wherein Fig. 7(a) is a plan view, Fig. 7(b) is a sectional view taken

along the line B-B of Fig. 7(a), and Fig. 7(c) is a sectional view taken along the line C-C of Fig. 7(a);

Fig. 8 is a schematic sectional view of a key top plate 10-2 disposed under a case 60-2;

5 Fig. 9 is a perspective view of a key top plate 110 to which a third embodiment of the present invention is applied;

Fig. 10 is a schematic sectional view of a key top plate 110 (taken along the line D-D of Fig. 9);

10 Fig. 11 is an enlarged sectional view of one key top 131;

Fig. 12 is an explanatory drawing showing a method of printing by a printer to a film 151;

15 Fig. 13(a), Fig. 13(b) and Fig. 13(c) are explanatory drawings respectively showing methods of printing by printers to the film 151;

Fig. 14 (a), Fig. 14(b-1), Fig. 14(b-2), Fig. 14(c) and Fig. 14(d) are explanatory drawings showing a method for manufacturing the key top plate 10;

20 Fig. 15 is an enlarged schematic view of a principal part of the key top plate 10 showing one of the key tops 30 and surroundings thereof, according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention, wherein Fig. 15(a) is a schematic sectional view (taken along the line E-E of Fig. 15(b)) and
25 Fig. 15(b) is a plan view respectively;

Fig. 16(a-1), Fig. 16(a-2), Fig. 16(a-3), Fig. 16(b) and Fig. 16(c) show a method for manufacturing the key top plate 10; and

Fig. 17 is an enlarged schematic view of a principal part of a key top plate 10-2 showing a key top 30-2 and surroundings thereof, according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention.

5 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Preferred embodiments of the present invention will now be described with reference to the attached drawings.
[First embodiment]

Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram of a principal part of
10 a key top plate 10 showing one of key tops 30 and
surroundings thereof, according to a first embodiment of
the present invention, wherein Fig. 1(a) is a schematic
sectional view (a sectional view taken along the line A-A
of Fig. 1(b)) and Fig. 1(b) is a plan view respectively.
15 It is to be appreciated that in the actual key top plate 10,
a plurality of key tops 30 are arranged. As shown in Fig.
1, this key top plate 10 has been configured in such a way
that a first film plate 20 is pressed upwardly to form a
recessed portion 23, a key top 30 made of mold-resin is
20 molded within this recessed portion 23, and further a
second film plate is arranged on an under surface of the
key top 30. In other words, this key top plate 10 has a
configuration in which the first film plate 20 and the
second film plate 40 are attached respectively on the top
25 surface and the under surface of the key top 30 made of
mold-resin so as to encapsulate the key top 30. In
addition, the first and the second film plates 20 and 40
are provided with decorative layers 21 and 41 respectively

(which are hereafter referred to as "print layers" in this embodiment and some other embodiments). Each of components will now be described below.

5 The first film plate 20 is made of transparent resin film having flexibility and a polyethylene terephthalate film is employed in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that other resin films made of variety of materials may be used. Herein, a portion of the first film covering the key top 30 is formed into the recessed portion 23 with
10 the same shape as that of the top surface of the key top 30, and the print layer 21 is printed on an under surface of the recessed portion 23. This print layer 21 may include, for example, a character, a graphic form, a symbol or the like. In practice, an adhesive material layer is provided
15 on the under surface side of the print layer 21, though it is omitted in the drawing.

The second film plate 40 is made of transparent resin film having flexibility and a polycarbonate film is employed in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that
20 other resin films made of variety of materials may be also used. Herein, a portion of the second film plate 40 which is to be in contact with the key top 30 (in specific, an inner area located under the key top 30 including a flange portion 31) is protruded downward from a peripheral portion
25 thereof which is located surrounding the key top 30 and is to be out of contact therewith (in specific, a peripheral area designated as "a" in the drawing for connecting the first film plate 20 and the second film plate 40, located

in an outer side of the key top 30) to form a recessed portion 43 for receiving a contact portion of the key top 30, and a print layer 41 is printed on an under surface of the recessed portion 41. This print layer 41 may be
5 printed in a form of, for example, solid print for a background (a print using only one color and applied over almost entire under surface of the key top 30) with a suitable color (e.g., white) and a thickness so as to allow a light transmission. A through hole 45 is arranged in a
10 corner portion of the recessed portion 43.

The key top 30 is made of transparent thermoplastic material and a polycarbonate resin is employed in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that other mold-resin made of variety of materials may be used. The flange
15 portion 31 is arranged so as to overhang approximately annularly from a lower circumferential portion of the key top 30 outwardly. It is to be noted that a protrusion 33 in a shape of tongue tip is protruded from a corner of the flange portion 31, with the through hole 45 of said second
20 film plate 40 located below the protrusion 33.

Further, a switch contact is disposed beneath the key top 30, though not shown, in which the key top 30 is pressed, and then the switch contact is turned on. On the other hand, if a light emitting means such as a light
25 emitting diode is disposed beneath the key top plate 10 and the light from that is guided to the key top 30, then the print layers 21 and 41 printed on the first and the second film plates 20 and 40 are illuminated through the

transparent second film plate 40, the key top 30 and the first film plate 20 so as to emerge brightly on the top surface of the key top plate 10. Since in the present invention the two print layers 21 and 41 are spaced apart from each other, the character, graphic form or the like of the print layer 21 may be seen as if it was floating in a three-dimensional structure against the background of the print layer 41, thus succeeding in providing a spatial effect and a high-class appearance.

Still further, with the configuration in this embodiment, in which the key top 30 made of mold-resin has been covered with the first film plate 20 and the second film plate 40, there would be no fear that the key top 30 is removed from the first and the second film plates 20 and 40.

It is to be noted that in this embodiment, the lower part of the key top 30 including the flange portion 31 is designed to be accommodated in the recessed portion 43 of the second film plate 40 such that the top surface (the upper surface) of the flange portion 31 can be flush with the top surface (the upper surface) of the second film plate 40 in the outer side of the key top 30. In other words, the recessed portion 43 has been formed in an appropriate depth such that the top surface (the upper surface) of the flange portion 31 is flush with the top surface (the upper surface) of the second film plate 40 in the outer side of the key top 30.

With such configuration of the key top plate 10, when

a case 60 is placed over the key top plate 10 with the key top 30 protruded through a through hole 61 formed in the case 60 as shown in Fig. 2, only an area defining the flange portion 31 is protruded from the under surface of the case 60 because the top surface of the flange portion 31 is flush with the top surface of the second film plate 40, and the other area of the key top plate 10 having no flange portion 31 has a thickness equivalent to a total thickness of the case 60 plus the first and the second film plates 20, 40, so that a profile of the entire unit including the case 60 and the key top plate 10 can be made low and thereby electronic devices of low-profile can be achieved by using this key top plate 10. It is to be noted that the recessed portion 43 is not necessarily provided if such low-profile effect is not desired.

A method for fabricating this key top plate 10 will now be explained. Fig. 3 is a diagram showing a method for manufacturing the key top plate 10. First, as shown in Fig. 3(a-1), on the under surface of the second film plate 40 is printed the print layer 41 which is provided, for example, in the form of solid print having a color and thickness allowing the light transmission therethrough. Next, the through hole 45 is formed in a predetermined location of the second film plate 40.

Then, a portion of the second film plate 40 with which the under surface of the key top 30 is to come into contact is processed by drawing press using a die to form the recessed portion 43, as shown in Fig. 3(b-1). The

shape of the recessed portion 43 is identical with that of the under surface side of the key top 30 including the flange portion 31 and the depth of the recessed portion 43 is identical with the thickness of the flange portion 31.

5 On the other hand, the print layer 21 including, for example, a character, a graphical form, a symbol or the like is printed on the under surface of the first film plate 20 as shown in Fig. 3(a-2), and further, on the under surface side of the print layer 21, an adhesive material
10 layer is printed, though not shown, over such an area thereof entirely that is to be formed into the recessed portion 23 in the subsequent process.

 In the next step as shown in Fig. 3(b-2), the drawing press is applied by using a die to the first film plate 20
15 to be deformed upwardly and thus to form the recessed portion 23. The shape of the recessed portion 23 is made to be approximately identical with the shape of the top surface of the key top 30 (not necessarily made exactly identical therewith but may have a height approximate to
20 one half of a depth of a cavity 71 of a die 70, for example, which will be described later).

 Subsequently, after the first and the second film plates 20 and 40, which have been processed respectively with the drawing press described above, are laid with one
25 placed on the other, the integral unit is clamped between the first and the second dies 70 and 80, as shown in Fig. 3(c). Herein, the first die 71 is provided with the cavity 71 which has been formed into a shape to accommodate the

recessed portion 23 of the first film plate 20, i.e. a shape identical with that of the upper portion of the key top 30. On the other hand, the second die 80 is provide with the cavity 81 which has been formed into a shape to
5 accommodate the recessed portion 43 of the second film plate 40, i.e., a shape identical with that of the lower portion of the key top 30 and also is provided with a pin gate 83 which is arranged in a location to be joined with the through hole 45 of the second film plate 40.

10 In this condition, finally molten resin is injected from the pin gate 83 so as to fill up the space within the two cavities 71 and 81 of the first and the second dies 70 and 80 with the molten resin, and then the first and the second dies 70 and 80 are removed after the molten resin
15 has been set, and there is a completed product of the key top plate 10.

It is to be appreciated that in the above embodiment the adhesive material layer printed on the under surface of the recessed portion 23 works for establishing the bonding
20 between the first film plate 20 and the key top 30, while both of the second film plate 40 and the key top 30 are made of polycarbonate so that the heat and pressure from the molten resin enables said two parts to be bonded with each other without using any adhesive materials.

25 It is to be also appreciated that a variety of methods may be used to fabricate the key top plate 10, including, for example, such a method as shown in Fig. 4, in which the first film plate 20 has not been subjected to

the drawing process but is clamped between the first and the second dies 70, 80 as it is such a flat plate as shown in Fig. 3(a-2), and when the molten resin is injected from the pin gate 83 to fill up the space within the two

5 cavities 71, 81 of the first and the second dies 70, 80 with the molten resin, the heat and pressure from the molted resin work to deform the first film plate 20 along the inner wall contour of the cavity 71 and thus to form said plate 20 into the profile as shown in Fig. 3(d).

10 Further, although in the above embodiment the print layers 21 and 41 have been disposed on the under surfaces of the first and the second film plates 20 and 40 respectively, either of them may be disposed on the top surface of either plate. However, it is preferable for the
15 first film plate 20 that the print layer 21 should be displayed on the under surface thereof because this configuration ensures that the stripping-off of the print layer 21 due to abrasion can be prevented.

Still further, although the key top 30 has been
20 covered with the first and the second film plates 20 and 40 in the configuration of the above embodiments, the second film plate 40 on the lower side may be omitted and in that case the print layer 41 may be printed directly on the under surface of the key top 30. That is such a
25 configuration as shown in Fig. 5, in which a print layer 313 is disposed on an under surface of a key top 311 as well as a print layer is disposed on an under surface or a top surface of a recessed portion of a film plate 303. In

the configuration in which the print layer is printed directly on the under surface of the key top, however, more labor hours would be necessary to print the print layer on every one of those many key tops mounted on a single key top plate and it would be also difficult to maintain an appropriate level of precision, but in contrast to this, in the case of using the second film plate 40, the print layers 41 may be easily formed all at once in a plurality of locations on the second film plate 40 where the key tops are to be molded, thereby facilitating the print display.

Yet further, although in the above embodiments the print layer 21 has been designated as the character, the graphical from or the like and the print layer 41 has been designated as the solid print for the background, it is needless to say that the condition of print may be varied in many different ways. Besides, the print layer has been employed as the decorative layer in the above embodiments, but the decorative layer by other than the printing may be used, including, for example, a deposition layer formed by a deposition means.

Although in the configuration of the above embodiments, the pin gate 83 has been arranged in the second die 80 side so as to inject the molten resin from the through hole 45 formed in the second film plate 40 into the space within the cavities 71, 81, however, a pin gate 73 may be arranged in the first die 70 as shown in Fig. 6 and in that case the molten resin may be injected through the through hole 25 formed in the first film plate 20 into

the space within the cavities 71, 81.

It is to be noted that the print layers 21 and 41 are not necessarily provided only for the purpose of preventing the key top 30 from dropping.

5 In the above embodiments, the adhesive material has been used to establish an effective fixing of the key top 30 to the first and the second film plates 20 and 40, but an alternative configuration may be employed, in which a hole is formed in the first film plate 20 and/or the second
10 film plate 40 to partially guide the mold-resin for forming the key top 30 to the opposite side of the film plate via this hole, so that the mold-resin which has reached the opposite side and the key top 30 together clamp the first film plate 20 and/or the second film plate 40 and thereby
15 provide a mechanical fixing therebetween.

[Second embodiment]

Fig. 7 shows a key top plate 10-2 according to a second embodiment of the present invention, wherein Fig. 7(a) is a plan view, Fig. 7(b) is a sectional view taken
20 along the line B-B of Fig. 7(a) and Fig. 7(c) is another sectional view taken along the line C-C of Fig. 7(a). In Fig. 7, the same reference numerals are given to the same or similar components to those shown in Fig. 1, and the explanations thereof will be omitted. This key top plate
25 10-2 is identical with the key top plate 10 of Fig. 1 in the point that the key top 30 is formed within the recessed portion 23 formed in the first film plate 20 and further the second film plate 40 is disposed on the under surface

side of the key top 30, thereby accomplishing the configuration in which the first and the second film plates 20 and 40 are mounted on the top and the under surfaces of the key top 30 respectively so as to encapsulate the key top 30. However, there are some differences between this embodiment and the aforementioned first embodiment, as will be described below.

A primary different point is that in this embodiment, a central area (surface) of the second film plate 40 which is in contact with the key top 30 is formed in a planar shape so as to be flush with a peripheral area (surface) thereof which is located outside of the key top 30 and is out of contact with the key top 30 as shown in Fig. 7(b) and Fig. 7(c). Due to this configuration, a protrusion 33 is formed by protruding upward the first film plate 20 above the peripheral area thereof surrounding the key top 30 (in specific, a connecting portion "a" of the first film plate 20 and the second film plate 40 located outside of the key top 30). It is to be noted that in this embodiment, the flange portion 31 of the key top 30 shown in Fig. 1 is omitted, and if the flange portion 31 is to be provided, then the first film plate 20 may be deformed. Further, when a case 60-2 is placed on the key top plate 10-2 as shown in Fig. 8, a recessed portion 63 should be formed in the case 60-2 to accommodate the protrusion 33, and in this case if the thickness of the portion of the case 60-2 provided with the recessed portion 63 is determined to be enough to maintain the strength, then the thickness L-2 of

the other portion of the case 60-2 may become relatively thicker. That is, the thickness L-2 of the case 60-2 becomes thicker as compared to the thickness L of the case 60 shown in Fig. 2 (in other word, the thickness of the case 60 shown in Fig. 2 can be made thinner as compared to that achieved in the second embodiment). In contrast therewith, however, with the configuration according to the second embodiment, the thickness of the portion of the key top 30 which is protruded from the under surface of the case 60-2 can be made thinner, and thereby the distance from the under surface of the case 60-2 to a surface of a switch substrate to be arranged under the case 60-2, though not shown, can be made shorter, and accordingly, this configuration can satisfy such a requirement, if any, that this distance should be reduced rather than the thickness L-2 of the case 60-2 should be. Further, with this configuration, the drawing process for forming such a recessed portion 43 in the second film plate 40 as shown in Fig. 1 is no more necessary, thus facilitating a simplified fabrication process and a reduced cost.

A second different point is that in the key top plate 10-2, the print layer (the decorative layer) 21 formed on the first film plate 20 and the print layer (the decorative layer) 41 formed on the second film plate 40 are both represented in the form of a character, a graphical form or a symbol. With this configuration, an interaction of two characters or graphical forms or symbols displayed in the same key top 30 provides three-dimensional appearance

between one character, graphical form or symbol by the upper print layer 21 and the other character, graphical form or symbol by the lower print layer 41, so that preferably the character, graphical form or symbol by the upper print layer 21 can be highlighted and thus discriminated from the other character, graphical form or symbol by the lower print layer 41.

A third different point is that the first and the second film plates 20 and 40 of the key top plate 10-2 are provided with hinge sections 27 and 47 respectively, which are extended outward from the sections covering the key top 30, and in the father side of the hinge sections 27 and 47, fixing section 29 and 47 are arranged so as to secure the key top plate 10-2 to other member. Each of the fixing section 29 and 49 function to couple three hinges 27 and 47 serially and three pairs of fixing holes 50 are formed in respective locations each corresponding to each hinge sections 27, 47. With such configuration as described above, the key top plate 10-2 accomplishes an extended life-time, a reduced profile and a reduced size in length as compared to the key top plate with the hinge section formed by molding.

It is to be appreciated that in the above embodiment, the hinge sections 27 and 47 are extended from both of the first and the second film plates 20 and 40 respectively, but the hinge section may be arranged exclusively in either one of the film plates. Also in this embodiment, the second film plate 40 disposed in the lower side may be

omitted, but if there is a fear that the repeating press actions may weaken the adhesive strength of the first film plate 20 to the key top 30 and may cause the key top 30 to drop away, then it is still preferred that the second film plate 40 is provided.

[Third embodiment]

Fig. 9 is a perspective view of a key top plate 110 to which the present invention is applied, and Fig 10 is a schematic sectional view of the key top plate 110 (taken along the line D-D of Fig. 9). As shown in both diagrams, the key top plate 110 comprises a first and a second film plates 121-1, 121-2, made of transparent synthetic resin having flexibility and placed one on the other, in which predetermined portions of the first film plate 121-1 disposed in an upper side is pressed upward to form recessed portions and then transparent mold-resin is molded within said recessed portions so as to form a variety of key tops 131, 133. The key top 133 is formed in an approximately donut-like shape with a through hole 134 provided in a center thereof and each of the two film plates 121-1 and 121-2 is also provided with a through hole 123 in a location corresponding to said through hole 134. It is to be noted that the reference numeral 140 designates a key top made of mold-resin having a flange portion 141 along a periphery thereof, which is formed in such a geometry that the flange portion 141 comes into contact with an under surface of the lower film 121-2 when the key top 140 is inserted into said through holes 134, 123.

Herein, Fig. 11 is an enlarged sectional view of one key top 131. As shown in Fig. 11, in the key top 131, a key top main body 132 made of mold-resin is molded within a recessed portion 123, which has been formed by pressing the first film plate 121-1 upward, and further the second film plate 121-2 is disposed on the under surface side of the key top 131, wherein a transparent adhesive layer 125 is printed on the top surface of the second film plate 121-2 over an area on which the key top 132 is to be arranged and on the under surface of the second film plate 121-2, a transparent coating layer 127, an image print layer 128 and a hold-down print layer 129 are printed respectively in this order. The coating layer 127 is provided to improve adhesive property with the image print layer 128 and for example, materials in water soluble resin group or inorganic pigment group may be used to form the coating layer 127.

Since the image print layer 128 is a color print layer but is transparent or see-through layer, therefore the hold-down print layer 129 of opaque color (e.g., white color) is printed beneath the image print layer 128. On the other hand, a top print layer 124 is printed on the under surface of the recessed portion 123 of the first film plate 121-1. The top print layer 124 includes, for example, a character, a graphical form or a symbol, which is printed, for example, by way of screen printing. Since the top print layer 124 is located above the image print layer 128 by a predetermined distance away therefrom, the top print

layer 124 may emerge as if it was floating over the image
print layer 128 so as to enhance the decorative effect. It
is to be noted that when the second film plate 121-2 and
the key top main body 132 are made of the same material and
5 have a good adhesiveness to each other, the adhesive layer
125 is not required.

Further, in this embodiment, said image print layer
128 of the second film plate 121-2 is formed by way of
flexographic printing, offset printing, gravure printing,
10 the printing by using a laser printer, the printing by
using an ink jet printer, or the printing by using a
thermo-transfer printer, and thereby a high-quality picture
can be provided for the print layer decorating the key top
plate 110, which enables even a photo-image-like printing
15 to be readily provided. In this regard, the printing by
using the laser printer, the printing by using the ink jet
printer and the printing by using the thermo-transfer
printer are grouped into a printing method, in which the
printing is directly applied to the second film plate 121-2
20 by the printer. On the other hand, the flexographic
printing, the offset printing and the gravure printing are
grouped into another printing method, in which a printing
plate is formed first and then this printing plate is used
to perform the printing at a high speed. It is to be noted
25 that the hold-down print layer 129 beneath the image print
layer 128 may be formed, for example, by way of the screen
printing.

To explain first the printing method in which the

direct printing is applied by the printer, as shown in Fig. 12, a strip of film 151 (to be formed into the second film plate 121-2) drawn from a feed roll 150 is passed through a printer (a laser printer, an ink jet printer or a thermo-transfer printer) 153 and a screen printer 159 and then is wound up on a wind-up roll 155, in which the printer 153 is connected to a computer 157 functioning as a digital image data generation means.

The laser printer used as the printer 153 is operated theoretically based on the same principle as for a copy machine, in which the printing is performed sequentially according to the steps of: primarily charging a surface of a photosensitive drum uniformly to positive potential (charging); secondarily exposing an area of the photosensitive drum not to be printed to the light so as to remove the electric charges from the light exposed area and thus to leave only an area to be printed as charged (exposing); thirdly applying negatively charged toner to the photosensitive drum so that the toner is attached exclusively to the positively charged area (developing); fourthly transferring the toner on said photosensitive drum to a sheet (transferring); then applying heat and pressure to the transferred toner on the sheet so that the toner can be deposited to the sheet (fixing); and finally exposing the photosensitive drum to the light so that the charged photo sensitive drum returns back to the original condition (static elimination). In case of color printing, several types of methods may be employed including, for example,

one method, in which four photosensitive drums for
respective four-colors are provided so as to transfer each
toner of four colors from each of four drums to the same
sheet, or another method, in which a transfer belt is
5 arranged between the photosensitive drum and the sheet, so
that four different toners are developed individually in
totally four times on the single photosensitive drum and
these toners of four colors are printed on the transfer
belt with one on another, and then the toners of four
10 colors are transferred from this transfer belt to the sheet
all at once.

The ink jet printer used as the printer 153 is
designed to perform a printing operation in such a way that
recording liquid is discharged through a thin orifice in a
15 form of minute liquid drops under a control of an image
signal so as to be applied to a recording paper. This
printing method is generally categorized into two methods:
a on-demand method, in which a liquid drop is generated
only when data exists; and a continuous method, in which
20 the liquid drops are serially generated and the direction
of discharge is varied depending on data so as to record
the data.

The thermo-transfer printer used as the printer 153
employs a method for performing the printing operation, in
25 which a film with ink having been applied thereto is heated
by using a thermo-sensitive recording head so as to
transfer the ink onto plain paper.

The computer 157 uses software for image processing

to generate digital image data indicative of a desired design (shape, pattern and color) to be printed. Then, the digital image data is output to the printer 153 so as to print the design serially onto said film 151. Since either
5 of the laser printer, the ink jet printer or the thermo-transfer printer can be used for the color printing and more advantageously it can perform the printing by using a variety of coloring with high-quality, a high image quality can be readily generated with high reproducibility even for
10 a photo-mage like printing. In addition, the printing plate required for other printing methods is no more necessary for either of said printers and thus the equipment for the printing plate can be reduced, while the design can be changed simply by modifying the digital image
15 data generated in the computer 157 and outputting the modified image data to the printer 153. Then, the hold-down layer 129 is screen-printed by using the screen printer 159, and the film is wound up on the wind-up roll 155.

20 Then, to explain another method for forming the image print layer 128 of the second film plate 121-2, in which the printing plate is formed first and then that printing plate is used to perform the printing at high speed, primarily, a digital image data indicative of a desired
25 design (shape, pattern and color) to be printed is generated by using image processing software in a computer, though not shown, and then the digital image data is used to fabricate the printing plate. This printing plate is

then used as a printing cylinder in the printing process for the flexographic printing, the offset printing or the gravure printing.

That is, in the case of flexographic printing, as shown in Fig. 13(a), a multi-color printing is applied to a film 151 wound off a roll 160 in a region rolling over an impression cylinder 161 by means of four group of printing cylinders 163 with different inks so as to form the image print layer 128 and the hold-down print layer 129, and then the film 151 is passed through a drying equipment 167 and wound up on the wind-up roll 169. Each group of printing cylinders 163 is supplied with the ink from an inking roller 165 via an anilox roller 164. Reference numeral 166 designates an ink tank for supplying the ink to the inking roller 165.

In the case of offset printing, as shown in Fig. 13(b), a multi-color printing is applied to a film 151 wound off a roll 170 by passing it through between four pairs of impression cylinders 171 and blanket rollers 173, each pair applying thereto different colors, so as to accomplish a multi-color printing and thus to form the image print layer 128 and the hold-down layer 129, and then the film 151 is passed through a drying equipment 177 and wound up on a wind-up roll 179. Each blanket roller 173 is in contact with a printing cylinder 174, which in turn is in contact with an inking roller 175 and a dampening roller 176.

In the case of gravure printing, as shown in Fig.

13(c), the printing is applied to a film 151 wound off the roll 180 by means of an impression cylinder 181 and a printing cylinder 183 and then the film 151 is dried in a drying equipment 185, wherein these printing and drying processes are repeated four times, and then the film 151 is wound up on a wind-up roll 187.

Since either of those printing methods can be used for the color printing and more advantageously it can perform the printing by using a variety of coloring with high-quality, even a photo-mage like printing can be readily generated with high reproducibility in color tone. Although these printing methods require a printing plate, yet they can handle a large volume of printing at a high speed, which is advantageous in mass production. It is to be appreciated that the design can be easily changed only by modifying the digital image data generated by the computer and producing new printing cylinder therefor.

After the printing operation onto the second film plate 121-2 having been completed, then, as shown in Fig. 14(a), the adhesive layer 125 is printed over the second film plate 121-2 on its opposite side with respect to the image print layer 128, and a through hole 145 is formed in a predetermined location of the second film plate 121-2.

On the other hand, as to the first film plate 121-1, the top print layer 124 is provided by way of, for example, the screen printing before the forming of the recessed portion 123, as shown in Fig. 14(b-1). Then, an adhesive layer, though not shown, is printed entirely over a

specific area of the first film plate 121-1 which is defined in the under surface thereof and to be formed into the recessed portion 123 in the subsequent step, and then the first film plate 121-1 is drawn by using a die so as to
5 form the recessed portion 123. In this regard, the reason why the screen printing method has been used for printing the top print layer 124 is that the screen printing is not fully sufficient for printing in multi-coloring with high quality but capable of forming a thick print layer, so that
10 the print layer 124 can be readily expanded in association with the first film plate 121-1 when it is expanded upon forming the recessed portion 123 after the printing thereon, thereby eliminating occurrence of any faulty print.

In the next step, said two films 121-1 and 121-2 are
15 joined by placing one on the other and then are clamped between a first and a second dies 170, 180, as shown in Fig. 14(c). The first die 170 is provided with a cavity 171 formed in a shape to accommodate the recessed portion 123 of the first film plate 121-1. A pin gate 183 is formed in
20 the second die 180 at a location to be joined to the through hole 145 of the second film plate 121-2.

Then, under this condition, molten resin is injected from the pin gate 183 to fill up the space within the cavity 171 with the molten resin as shown in Fig. 14(d),
25 and after the molten resin having been set, the first and the second dies are removed to obtain the completed key top plate shown in Figs. 9 to 11.

It is to be appreciated that the first film plate

121-1 may be provided with the print layer by way of various printing methods as described above other than the screen printing such as the flexographic printing and the offset printing.

5 [Fourth embodiment]

Fig. 15 is an enlarged schematic view of a principal part of a key top plate 210 showing one of key top 230 and surroundings thereof, according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention, wherein Fig. 15(a) is a schematic
10 sectional view (taken along the line E-E of Fig. 15(b)) and Fig. 15(b) is a plan view. It is to be noted that in the actual key top plate 210, a plurality of key tops 230 is arranged. Besides, for the illustrative purpose, each element is shown with a considerably larger scale than its
15 actual size in thickness (the same is applicable to each of the drawings for the other embodiments cited in this specification).

As shown in Fig. 15, the key top plate 210 has been configured in such a way that a first film plate 220 with a
20 decorative layer 223 or the like attached on an under surface thereof is pressed upward to form a recessed portion 221, a key top 230 is molded within said recessed portion 221, and further, a second film plate 240 is arranged on an under surface side of said key top 230. In
25 other words, this key top plate 210 has a configuration in which the first film plate 220 and the second film plate 240 are attached respectively on the top surface and the under surface of the key top 230 made of mold-resin so as

to encapsulate the key top 230. Further, the first film plate 220 is provided with a decorative layer 223 and an adhesive layer 225 formed on an under surface thereof, and also a decorative layer 241 is formed on an under surface of the second film plate 240. In addition, a protection film 250 is attached onto the top surface of the recessed portion 221 of the first film plate 220 to protect said portion. Each of the components will now be described below.

- 10 The first film plate 220 is made of transparent (or translucent) resin film having flexibility, and polyethylene terephthalate film (PET film) has been used in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that other resin films made of variety of materials may be used. Herein, a
- 15 portion of the first film plate 220 covering the key top 230 is formed into the recessed portion 221 with the same shape as that of the top surface of the key top 230, and the decorative layer 223 and the adhesive layer 225 are formed on the under surface of the recessed portion 221.
- 20 The decorative layer 223 is a deposition layer of aluminum or the like in this embodiment, which is provided with a key top exposing section 224 defined in an inner area (in its center) thereof by arranging no decorative layer 223 in this area for exposing the key top 230 located beneath.
- 25 Although the key top exposing section 224 is circular in this embodiment, it is needless to say that various modifications may be applied to the shape of the section 224.

The decorative layer 223 is arranged on the under surface of the recessed portion 221 of the first film plate 220. This decorative layer 223 has metallic color tone and is made of material having a mirror-face appearance, and
5 this embodiment has employed a deposition film of aluminum (silver color). It is a matter of course that various other materials, such as nickel, titanium, chrome and the like may be used for deposition. This decorative layer 223 may be formed by way of the vacuum deposition method, the
10 ion plating method, the sputtering method and so forth. In this embodiment, the decorative layer 223 has been deposited into such a condition that blocks the visible light from passing therethrough (but, of course, it may be deposited into such a condition that permits the visible
15 light to pass through). Besides, the decorative layer is not necessarily made up of deposition layer but may be made by printing paints composed of various different coloring. Further, the decorative layer 223 is not arranged in a side face portion 222 of the recessed portion 221 of the first
20 film plate 220, thereby allowing the first film plate 222 to adhere directly to the key top 230 via the adhesive layer 225.

The adhesive layer 225 is transparent (or translucent) and made of material adhering to the
25 decorative layer 223 and/or the first film plate 220 upon molding the key top 230 of mold-resin (e.g., polyester or urethane).

The key top 230 is made of a transparent (or

translucent) thermoplastic material, and polycarbonate resin is used in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that various other mold-resins may be used.

The second film plate 240 is composed of transparent
5 (or translucent) resin film having flexibility, and a polycarbonate film has been used in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that other resin films made of various materials may be used. Herein, a portion of the second film plate 240, which comes into contact with the key top
10 230 (in specific, an entire area facing to the under surface of the key top 230), is protruded downward from a peripheral portion thereof, which is located outside of the key top 230 and is out of contact therewith, to form a protruded portion 243, and the decorative layer 241 is
15 formed on an under surface of the protruded portion 243. The decorative layer 241 according to this embodiment, may be provided in the form of, for example, a solid print (i.e., a single color printing applied to almost entire area of the protruded portion 243 facing to the under
20 surface of the key top 230), and may be printed with appropriate color (e.g., white) and thickness so as to permit a light transmission. In this embodiment, since the decorative layer 241 is printed on a film designated as the second film plate 240, therefore the thickness of the
25 decorative layer 241 formed by the printing can be readily made thinner, thereby easily accomplishing the decorative layer of light transmissible type. It is to be appreciated, however, that the decorative layer 241 may be printed by

using material and thickness which blocks the light transmission, or otherwise may be a decorative layer composed of a deposition layer. Further, the decorative layer 241 may not necessarily be provided in the form of solid print but may be printed to form a predetermined pattern on the second film plate 240. It is to be noted that a through hole 245 is formed in a part of the protruded portion 243, and the portion defining this through hole 245 is covered with a protrusion 231 in a shape of tongue tip which is protruded from the periphery of the key top 230.

The protection film 250 is made of transparent flexible resin film and a PET film has been used in this embodiment. It is a matter of course that resin films made of other various materials may be used. The protection film 250 is formed into a shape and size suitable for covering the top surface of the recessed portion 221 of the first film plate 220 and is attached to the first film plate 220 by an adhesive material with light adhesiveness.

The key top plate 210 fabricated with the configuration as described above may provide an improved aesthetic appearance in design from the point that, when viewed from the above, the circumferential portion of the top surface of the key top 230 is decorated by the decorative layer 223, while the key top is exposed through the key top exposing section 224 surrounded by the decorative layer 223, so that the underlying decorative layer 241 can be seen through the interior of the

transparent key top 230.

Further, in the case where the decorative layer 241 has been printed so as to permit the light transmission, if a light emitting means such as a light emitting diode or the like is provided beneath the key top plate 210, the key top exposing section 224 of the first film plate 220 may be illuminated brightly over the top surface of the key top plate 210 through the transparent second film plate 240, the key top 230 and the first film plate 220, and at the same time, this illumination creates such three-dimensional effect and high-class appearance that the color pattern of the decorative layer 241 can be seen as if it was floating over the under surface of the key top 230, thereby further improving the aesthetic appearance in design.

Further, according to the configuration of this embodiment, since the key top 230 made of mold-resin is covered with the first and the second film plates 220, 240, there is no fear that the key top 230 might be removed from the first and the second film plates 220, 240.

Further, when a switch contact, though not shown, is arranged beneath the key top plate 210 and then the key top 230 be pressed, the switch contact is turned on.

A method for manufacturing the key top plate 210 will now be described. Fig. 16 shows how to manufacture the key top plate 210. First of all, a film plate with a deposition layer of aluminum deposited over an entire area of its one surface (the under surface) is prepared, and then this deposition layer is selectively etched so as to

produce a film plate 220 having the underlying decorative layer 223 consisting of the deposition layer disposed on the under surface thereof (said decorative layer 223 including the key top exposing section inside thereof) as shown in Fig. 16(a-1).

Subsequently, the adhesive layer 225 is formed on the under surface of the film plate 220 by way of printing, as shown in Fig. 16(a-2). On the other hand, the protection film 250 is attached to the film plate 220 by using an adhesive material with light adhesiveness in a specified area of the top surface of the film plate 220 where the recessed portion 221 is to be formed.

Then, a portion of the film plate 220 in which the key top 230 is to be arranged is drawn by using a die so as to be deformed convex upwardly and finally to be formed into the recessed portion 221 (pre-forming), as shown in Fig. 16(a-3). The shape of the recessed portion 221 should be made generally identical to the shape of the top surface of the key top 230 (or, it is not necessarily the same, but may have a height equivalent to, for example, one half of the depth of a cavity 271 of a die 270, which will be described later.

On the other hand, the second film plate 240 is prepared and the decorative layer 241 in the form of, for example, solid print with the light transmissible color and thickness is printed on the under surface thereof, and then, the through hole 245 is formed in the predetermined location of the second film plate 240, and subsequently, a

portion of the second film plate 240 which is to come in contact with the under surface of the key top 230 is drawn by using a die to be protruded downward and thus to be formed into the protruded portion 243, as shown in Fig.

- 5 16(b). The shape of the protruded portion 243 is identical with the shape of the under surface side of the key top 230.

In the next step, the first and the second films 220, 240 are joined by placing one on the other, and then are clamped between the first and the second dies 270, 280 as shown in Fig. 16(c). The first die 270 is provided with a cavity 271 formed into a shape to accommodate the recessed portion 221 of the first film plate 220, that is, a shape identical with that of the upper portion of the key top 230. On the other hand, the second die 280 is provided with a cavity 281 in a shape to accommodate the protruded portion 243 of the second film plate 240, that is, a shape identical with that of the lower portion of the key top 230 and also provided with a pin gate 283 disposed in a location to be joined with the through hole 245 of the second film plate 240.

Then, under this condition, molten resin is injected through the pin gate 283 to fill up the space within both cavities 271, 281 of the first and the second dies 270, 280 with the molten resin, and after the molten resin having been set, the first and the second dies are removed thus to obtain the completed key top plate 210 as shown in Fig. 15.

It is to be noted that the adhesion of the first film plate 220 with the key top 230 is made effect by the

adhesive material layer 225 in this embodiment, but the second film plate 240 and the key top 230, which are both made of polycarbonate, can be bonded to each other with heat and pressure from the molten resin even without using
5 adhesive material.

In the manufacturing process described above, when the recessed portion 221 is formed in the first film plate 220 and also when the molten resin is injected into the recessed portion 221, the first film plate 220 is subject
10 to such stress as strong expanding and/or contracting forces and heat and pressure applied thereto, which leads to a fear that the first film plate 220 and the decorative layer 223 consisting of deposition layer, which have been bonded with each other by relatively lower adhesive
15 strength, might be separated or stripped from each other due to said stress, but in this embodiment, since the side face portion 222 of the recessed portion 221 of the first film plate 220 is remained without applying the decorative layer 223 thereto, so that the first film plate 220 may be
20 directly bonded to the key top 230 in this side face portion 222 defining an outer side surface of the key top 230, thereby providing the high adhesive strength therebetween, which ensures that the separation of the key top 230 from the first film plate 220 is prevented.

25 It is to be appreciated that if the same material is used to make the first film plate 220 and the key top 230, that is, the both are made of, for example, polycarbonate, the heat and pressure from the molten resin can provide a

strong adhesion to the direct contact site between the first film plate 220 and the key top 230 without using the adhesive layer 225. Further, if the adhesive material is mixed in the molten resin forming the key top 230, the first film plate 220 and the key top 230, even if they are made of different materials, can be bonded to each other directly without using the adhesive material 245.

Although there is a fear that a scar or a dent may be produced on the surface of the recessed portion 221 of the first film plate 220 during its manufacturing process, the surface of the recessed portion 221 in this embodiment is free from such fear of scar or dent since the surface of the recessed portion 221 is covered with the protection film 250. The protection film 250 may be peeled off upon shipping of the key top plate 210 or when the key top plate 210 is assembled to a product.

It is to be appreciated that various modifications may be made to the manufacturing method of the key top plate 210, including, for example, an alternative method, in which the pre-forming step, which has been applied to the first film plate 220 before the step of molding of the key top 230 in the above embodiment, may be omitted, and the key top plate 210 may be manufactured by the steps of: clamping the planar sheet-like film plate 220 shown in Fig. 16(a-2) directly by the first and the second dies 270, 280 shown in Fig. 16(c); and injecting the molten resin against the flat film plate 220 and thereby into the cavities 271, 281 so as to expand the first film plate 220 to the inner

wall face of the cavity 271 and to form the recessed portion 221.

Further, although in this embodiment, the decorative layer 223 made of deposition layer has been disposed on the under surface of the recessed portion 221, a light transmissible decorative layer may be additionally arranged beneath said decorative layer 223 so as to cover the key top exposing section 224, thereby providing the key top exposing section 224 of predetermined coloring.

Further, although in this embodiment, the decorative layers 223 and 241 have been disposed on the under surface side of the first and the second film plates 220, 240 respectively, they may be disposed on the top surface side of the first and the second film plates 220, 240. In addition, the decorative layer 241 may be omitted.

[Fifth embodiment]

Fig. 17 is an enlarged schematic sectional view of a principal part of a key top plate 210-2 showing one of the key tops 230-2 and surroundings thereof. A different point in this key top plate 210-2 from the key top plate 210 shown in preceding Fig. 15 is that a second film plate 240 is made flat with no protruded portion 243 and a through hole 245 is arranged right beneath the decorative layer 223, thereby eliminating a protrusion 231 in the shape of tongue tip. With such configuration, since the through hole 245 is located right beneath the decorative layer 223, it is almost invisible from the above side of the key top 230-2, thus causing no problem therefrom.

The present invention may be carried out in various forms without departing from the spirit or the principal features thereof. Therefore, those embodiments described above have been presented only for the illustrative purpose
5 in all respects, but not intended to limit the invention. The scope of the present invention will be defined only by the appended claims but not restricted by any text in the specification. Furthermore, any variations or
10 modifications that reside in the equivalent to the scope of the claims are considered to be included in the scope of the present invention.